









SV670N Series Servo Drive Installation Guide

















Preface

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the SV670N series servo drive developed by Inovance.

The SV670N series servo drive is a high-end servo drive designed based on global-leading standards and high-end application needs. It is featured with high speed, high precision, high performance, and tuning-free Function.

The servo drive covers a power range from 0.05 kW to 7.5 kW and carries EtherCAT communication interfaces to work with the host controller for a networked operation of multiple servo drives. The drive comes with the ITune function which supports adaptive stiffness level setting, inertia auto-tuning, and vibration suppression for easy use. The servo drive, together with an MS1 series high-response servo motor (with ultra-low, low or medium inertia) equipped with a 23-bit single-turn/multi-turn absolute encoder, serve to deliver a quiet and stable operation and accurate process control through the fully closed-loop function and internal process segment function.

The drive also offers dynamic braking. The drive aims to achieve quick and accurate position control, speed control, and torque control through high-performance solutions for automation equipment in such industries as electronic manufacturing, lithium batteries, manipulators, packaging, and machine tools.

This guide presents installation of the servo drive, including installation steps, mechanical installation, and electrical installation.

More Documents

Name	Data Code	Description
SV670N Series Servo Drive Selection Guide	19011851	Provides instructions on product selection, including the list of supporting components, technical data on the drive and motor, and the selection guide of cables.
SV670N Series Servo Drive installation Guide	19011862	Presents installation of the servo drive, including installation steps, , mechanical installation, and electrical installation.
SV670N Series Servo Drive Hardware Guide	19011853	Presents electrical design guidance of the equipment, description of terminals, required certificates and standards and solutions to common EMC problems.
SV670N Series Servo Drive Commissioning Guide	19011855	Presents servo commissioning and parameter descriptions, including the operating panel, commissioning software, commissioning procedure and a parameter list.

Name	Data Code	Description
SV670N Series Servo Drive Function Guide	19011860	Presents functions and parameters, including function overview, basic servo functions, adjustment and parameter list.
SV670N Series Servo Drive Communication Guide	19011865	Presents functions and parameters of the servo drive, including EtherCAT communication configuration, parameter description, and communication application cases.
SV670N Series Servo Drive Troubleshooting Guide	19011863	Introduces faults and fault levels, the troubleshooting process, warning codes and fault codes.
SV670N Series Servo Drive Maintenance Guide	19011864	Provides instructions on maintenance and repair of the equipment.
SV670N Series Servo Drive Manual Package	PS00005527	Provides information on selection, installation, commissioning, function, troubleshooting and parameters of the equipment.

Revision History

Date of Revision	Version	Description
2022-06	A01	Updated the schematic diagram of the drive.
2022-04	A00	First release.

Document Acquisition

This manual is not delivered with the product. You can obtain the PDF version by visiting:

- http://www.inovance.com.
- Scan the QR code on the equipment to acquire more.

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General Safety Instructions

Safety Precautions

- This section explains the safety precautions that need to be observed to use this
 product correctly. Before using this product, please read the instruction manual
 and correctly understand the relevant information of safety precautions. Failure to
 comply with the safety precautions may result in death, serious injury, or
 equipment damage.
- "CAUTION", "WARNING", and "DANGER" items in the guide only indicate some of the precautions that need to be followed; they just supplement the safety precautions.
- Use this equipment according to the designated environment requirements.
 Damage caused by improper use is not covered by warranty.
- Inovance shall take no responsibility for any personal injuries or property damage caused by improper use.

Safety Levels and Definitions



Indicates that failure to comply with the notice will result in death or severe personal injuries.



Indicates that failure to comply with the notice may result in death or severe personal injuries.



Indicates that failure to comply with the notice may result in minor or moderate personal injuries or equipment damage.

General Safety Instructions

- Drawings in the selection guide are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Remember to install the covers or protective guards as specified first, and then perform operations in accordance with the instructions. Install the covers or protective guards as specified, and use the equipment in accordance with the instructions described in the user guide.
- The drawings in the guide are shown for illustration only and may be different from the product you purchased.

Unpacking



- Do not install the equipment if you find damage, rust, or signs of use on the equipment or accessories upon unpacking.
- Do not install the equipment if you find water seepage or missing or damaged components upon unpacking.
- Do not install the equipment if you find the packing list does not conform to the equipment you received.



- Check whether the packing is intact and whether there is damage, water seepage, dampness, and deformation before unpacking.
- Unpack the package by following the unpacking sequence. Do not strike the package violently.
- Check whether there is damage, rust, or injuries on the surface of the equipment and equipment accessories before unpacking.
- Check whether the package contents are consistent with the packing list before unpacking.

Storage and Transportation



- Large-scale or heavy equipment must be transported by qualified professionals using specialized hoisting equipment. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries or equipment damage.
- Before hoisting the equipment, ensure the equipment components such as the front cover and terminal blocks are secured firmly with screws. Loosely-connected components may fall off and result in personal injuries or equipment damage.
- Never stand or stay below the equipment when the equipment is being hoisted by the hoisting equipment.
- When hoisting the equipment with a steel rope, ensure the equipment is hoisted at a
 constant speed without suffering from vibration or shock. Do not turn the equipment
 over or let the equipment stay hanging in the air. Failure to comply may result in
 personal injuries or equipment damage.



- Handle the equipment with care during transportation and mind your steps to prevent personal injuries or equipment damage.
- When carrying the equipment with bare hands, hold the equipment casing firmly with care to prevent parts from falling. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
- Store and transport the equipment based on the storage and transportation requirements. Failure to comply will result in equipment damage.
- Avoid storing or transporting the equipment in environments with water splash, rain, direct sunlight, strong electric field, strong magnetic field, and strong vibration.
- Avoid storing the equipment for more than three months. Long-term storage requires stricter protection and necessary inspections.
- Pack the equipment strictly before transportation. Use a sealed box for long-distance transportation.
- Never transport the equipment with other equipment or materials that may harm or have negative impacts on this equipment.

Installation



 The equipment can be operated by well-trained and qualified professionals only. Nonprofessionals are not allowed.



- Read through the guide and safety instructions before installation.
- Do not install this equipment in places with strong electric or magnetic fields.
- Before installation, check that the mechanical strength of the installation site can bear the weight of the equipment. Failure to comply will result in mechanical hazards.
- Do not wear loose clothes or accessories during installation. Failure to comply may result in an electric shock.
- When installing the equipment in a closed environment (such as a cabinet or casing), use a cooling device (such as a fan or air conditioner) to cool the environment down to the required temperature. Failure to comply may result in equipment over-temperature or a fire.
- Do not retrofit the equipment.
- Do not fiddle with the bolts used to fix equipment components or the bolts marked in red.
- When the equipment is installed in a cabinet or final assembly, a fireproof enclosure
 providing both electrical and mechanical protections must be provided. The IP rating
 must meet IEC standards and local laws and regulations.
- Before installing devices with strong electromagnetic interference, such as a transformer, install a shielding device for the equipment to prevent malfunction.
- Install the equipment onto an incombustible object such as a metal. Keep the
 equipment away from combustible objects. Failure to comply will result in a fire.



- Cover the top of the equipment with a piece of cloth or paper during installation. This is
 to prevent unwanted objects such as metal chippings, oil, and water from falling into the
 equipment and causing faults. After installation, remove the cloth or paper on the top of
 the equipment to prevent over-temperature caused by poor ventilation due to blocked
 ventilation holes.
- Resonance may occur when the equipment operating at a constant speed executes variable speed operations. In this case, install the vibration-proof rubber under the motor frame or use the vibration suppression function to reduce resonance.

Wiring



DANGER

- Equipment installation, wiring, maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement must be performed only by professionals.
- Before wiring, cut off power connections with all equipment. Residual voltage exists
 after power cut-off. Therefore, wait at least the time designated on the equipment
 warning label before further operations. Measure the DC voltage of the main circuit and
 make sure it is below the safe voltage, otherwise there will be the danger of electric
 shock.
- Do not perform wiring, remove the equipment cover, or touch the circuit board with power ON. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- Check that the equipment is grounded properly. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.



- Do not connect the input power supply to the output end of the equipment. Failure to comply will result in equipment damage or even a fire.
- When connecting a drive to the motor, check that the phase sequences of the drive and motor terminals are consistent to prevent reverse motor rotation.
- Cables used for wiring must meet cross sectional area and shielding requirements. The shield of the cable must be reliably grounded at one end.
- Fix the terminal screws with the tightening torque specified in the user guide. Improper tightening torque may overheat or damage the connecting part, resulting in a fire.
- After wiring is done, check that all cables are connected properly and no screws, washers or exposed cables are left inside the equipment. Failure to comply may result in an electric shock or equipment damage.



- During wiring, follow the proper electrostatic discharge (ESD) procedure, and wear an antistatic wrist strap. Failure to comply will damage the equipment or the internal circuits of the equipment.
- Use shielded twisted pairs for the control circuit. Connect the shield to the grounding terminal of the equipment for grounding purpose. Failure to comply will result in equipment malfunction.

Power-on



- Before power-on, check that the equipment is installed properly with reliable wiring and the motor can be restarted.
- Check that the power supply meets equipment requirements before power-on to prevent equipment damage or a fire.
- After power-on, do not open the cabinet door or protective cover of the equipment, touch any terminal, or disassemble any unit or component of the equipment. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.



- Perform a trial run after wiring and parameter setting to ensure the equipment operates safely. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries or equipment damage.
- Before power-on, make sure that the rated voltage of the equipment is consistent with that of the power supply. Failure to comply may resulting in a fire. Failure to comply may result in a fire.
- Before power-on, check that no one is near the equipment, motor, or machine. Failure to comply may result in death or personal injuries.

Operation



DANGER

- The equipment must be operated only by professionals. Failure to comply will result in death or personal injuries.
- Do not touch any connecting terminals or disassemble any unit or component of the equipment during operation. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.



- Do not touch the equipment casing, fan, or resistor with bare hands to feel the temperature. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
- Prevent metal or other objects from falling into the equipment during operation. Failure to comply may result in a fire or equipment damage.

Maintenance



DANGER

- Equipment installation, wiring, maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement must be performed only by professionals.
- Do not maintain the equipment with power ON. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- Before maintenance, cut off all the power supplies of the equipment and wait for at least the time designated on the equipment warning label.
- In case of a permanent magnet motor, do not touch the motor terminals immediately
 after power-off because the motor terminals will generate induced voltage during
 rotation even after the equipment power supply is off. Failure to comply will result in an
 electric shock.



 Perform routine and periodic inspection and maintenance on the equipment according to maintenance requirements and keep a maintenance record.

Repair



DANGER

- Equipment installation, wiring, maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement must be performed only by professionals.
- Do not repair the equipment with power ON. Failure to comply will result in an electric
- Before inspection and repair, cut off all the power supplies of the equipment and wait for at least the time designated on the equipment warning label.



- Submit the repair request according to the warranty agreement.
- When the fuse is blown or the circuit breaker or earth leakage current breaker (ELCB) trips, wait for at least the time designated on the equipment warning label before power-on or further operations. Failure to comply may result in death, personal injuries or equipment damage.
- When the equipment is faulty or damaged, the troubleshooting and repair work must be performed by professionals that follow the repair instructions, with repair records kept properly.
- Replace quick-wear parts of the equipment according to the replacement instructions.
- Do not use damaged equipment. Failure to comply may result in death, personal injuries, or severe equipment damage.
- After the equipment is replaced, check the wiring and set parameters again.

Disposal



- Dispose of retired equipment in accordance with local regulations and standards. Failure to comply may result in property damage, personal injuries, or even death.
- Recycle retired equipment by observing industry waste disposal standards to avoid environmental pollution.

Additional Precautions

Dynamic brake

- Dynamic braking can only be used for emergency stop in case of failure and sudden power failure. Do not trigger failure or power failure frequently.
- Ensure that the dynamic braking function has an operation interval of more than 5 minutes at high speed, otherwise the internal dynamic braking circuit may be damaged.

Dynamic braking is common in rotating mechanical structures. For example, when
a motor has stopped running, it keeps rotating due to the inertia of its load. In this
case, this motor is in the regenerative state and short-circuit current passes
through the dynamic brake. If this situation continues, the drive, and even the
motor, may be burned.

Safety Label

For safe equipment operation and maintenance, comply with the safety labels on the equipment. Do not damage or remove the safety labels. See the following table for descriptions of the safety labels.

Safety Label	Description
危险 DANGER 高压注意 Hazardous Voitage 高温注意 High Temperature	 Never fail to connect the protective earth (PE) terminal. Read through the guide and follow the safety instructions before use. Never fail to connect Protective Earth (PE) terminal. Read the manual and follow the safety instructions before use. Do not touch terminals within 15 minutes after disconnecting the power supply to prevent the risk of electric shock. Do not touch terminals with 15 minutes after Disconnect the power. Risk of electrical shock. Do not touch the heatsink with power ON to prevent the risk of burn. Do not touch heatsink when power is ON. Risk of burn.

1 Precautions

- Observe the installation direction described in this guide. Failure to comply may result in equipment fault or damage.
- Do not install or operate damaged or defective equipment. Failure to comply will result in physical injury.
- Do not install the equipment in environments exposed to water splashes or corrosive gases. Failure to comply will result in equipment fault.
- Do not install the equipment near inflammable gases or combustible objects. Failure to comply will result in a fire or electric shock.
- Install the equipment inside a fire-proof cabinet that provides electrical protection. Failure to comply may result in a fire.
- Reserve specified clearance between the servo drive and its adjacent machines and the interior surface of the control cabinet. Failure to comply will result in a fire or equipment fault.
- Do not put heavy objects on the equipment. Failure to comply may result in physical injury or equipment damage.
- Do not impose large impact on the equipment. Failure to comply may result in equipment damage.
- Do not block the air inlet/outlet of the equipment or allow unwanted objects to fall into the equipment. Failure to comply may result in a fire or equipment fault.

2 Installation Flowchart

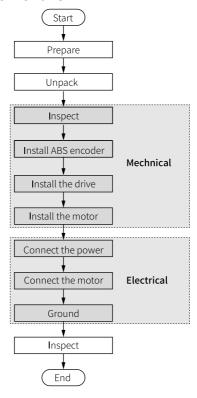


Figure 2-1 Installation Flow Chart

Note

The illustration presents the recommended installation procedure. You can adjust the procedure as appropriate.

3 Installation Preparations

3.1 Installation Environment

Table 3–1 Environment requirement

Item	Requirement
Installation location	Indoors
Grid overvoltage	Overvoltage Class III (OVC III).
Altitude	The maximum altitude is 2000 m. • For altitudes not higher than 1000 m, derating is not required. • Derating is required for altitudes above 1000 m (derate 1% for every additional 100 m). • For altitudes above 2000 m, contact Inovance.
Temperature	 Mounting/Operating temperature: 0°C to +55°C For temperatures between 0°C to 45°C, derating is not required. For temperatures above 45°C, derate 2% for every additional 1°C. Storage/Transportation temperature: -40°C to +70°C. To improve the reliability of the machine, use the servo drive in environments without dramatic temperature change. When installing the servo drive into an enclosed environment such as a control cabinet, use a cooling fan or air conditioner to keep the temperature of the inlet air below 45°C. Failure to comply will result in overheat or fire. Install the servo drive on the surface of an incombustible object and leave sufficient surrounding space for heat dissipation. Take measures to prevent the servo drive from being frozen.
Ambient humidity	Below 90% RH (no condensation)
Storage humidity	Below 90% RH (no condensation)
Vibration resistance	Operation: • 5 Hz–8.4 Hz: 3.5 mm displacement • 8.4 Hz–200 Hz: 1g Product package: • 5 Hz–100 Hz: 0.01g²/Hz • 200 Hz: 0.001g²/Hz • Grms = 1.14 g
Impact resistance	Below 19.6m/s ²

Item	Requirement
IP rating	IP20.
Environment	Pollution Degree 2 and below Install the servo drive in a place that meets the following requirements: • Free from direct sunlight, dust, corrosive gas, explosive and inflammable gas, oil mist, vapor, water drop, and salty element • Insusceptible to vibration (away from equipment that may generate strong vibration, such as a punch press) • Free from unwanted objects such as metal powder, oil, and water inside the servo drive • Free from radioactive substances, combustible materials, harmful gases and liquids, and salt corrosion • Away from combustible materials such as wood • Do not use the equipment in vacuum.

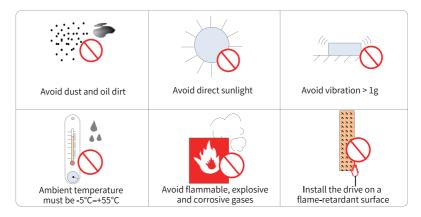


Figure 3-1 Environment requirements

3.2 Installation Clearance

Servo drives in different power ratings require different installation clearances. When installing multiple servo drives side by side, it is recommended to reserve a clearance of at least 10 mm (0.39 in.) between every two servo drives and a clearance of at least 80 mm (1.97 in.) above and below each servo drive for heat dissipation.

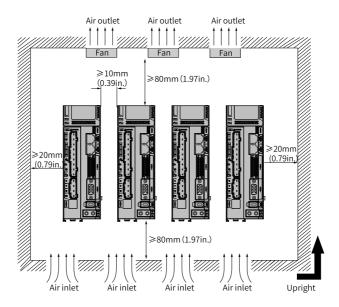


Figure 3-2 Clearance for side-by-side installation

Servo drives rated at 0.2 kW to 0.4 kW support compact installation, in which a clearance of at least 1 mm (0.04 in.) must be reserved between every two servo drives. When adopting compact installation, derate the load rate to 75%.

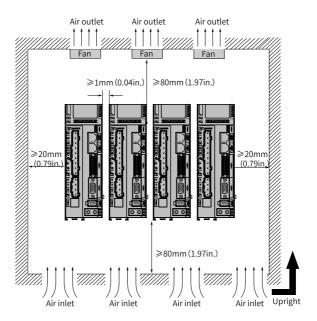


Figure 3-3 Clearance for compact installation

Servo drives rated at 0.75 kW to 7.5 kW support zero-clearance installation between every two servo drives, without the need for derating.

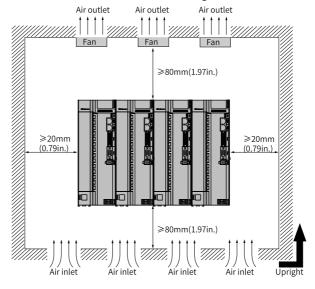


Figure 3-4 Zero-clearance installation

3.3 Installation Dimensions

Servo Drives in Size A (Rated Power: 0.2 kW to 0.4 kW): SV670NS1R6I, SV670NS2R8I

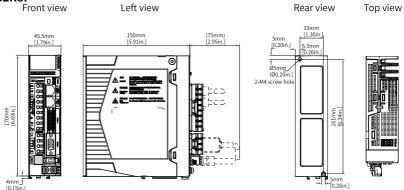


Figure 3-5 Dimension drawing of servo drives in size A

Fixing screws: 2–M4; recommended tightening torque: 1.2 N·m

Weigh: 0.96 kg

Servo Drives in Size C (Rated Power: 0.75 kW to 1.5 kW): SV670NS5R5I, SV670NS7R6I, SV670NT3R5I, SV670NT5R4I

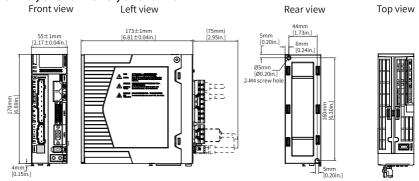


Figure 3-6 Dimension drawing of servo drives in size C

Fixing screws: 2–M4; recommended tightening torque: 1.2 N·m

Weigh: 1.3 kg

Servo Drives in Size D (Rated Power: 1.5 kW to 3.0 kW): SV670NS012I, SV670NT8R4I, SV670NT012I

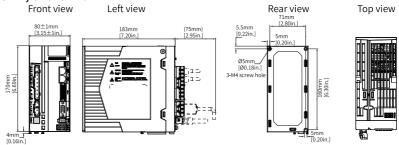


Figure 3-7 Dimension drawing of servo drives in size D

Fixing screws: 3–M4; recommended tightening torque: 1.2 N·m

Weigh: 1.8 kg

Servo Drives in Size E (Rated Power: 2.0 kW to 7.5 kW): SV670NS018I, SV670NS022I, SV670NS027I, SV670NT017I, SV670NT021I, SV670NT026I

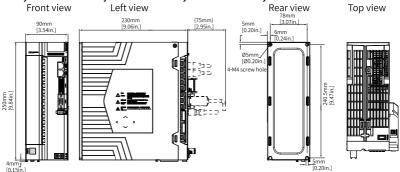


Figure 3-8 Dimension drawing of servo drives in size E

Fixing screws: 4–M4; recommended tightening torque: 1.2 N·m

Weigh: 3.6 kg

3.4 Optional Parts

Fuse and circuit breaker



To prevent electric shock, when the fuse is blown or the circuit breaker trips, wait for at least the time designated on the warning label before powering on the drive or operating peripheral devices. Failure to comply can result in death, severe personal injury, or equipment damage.

To comply with CE/UL certification, install a fuse/circuit breaker on the input side of the drive to prevent accidents caused by short circuit in the internal circuit.

AC Input Reactor

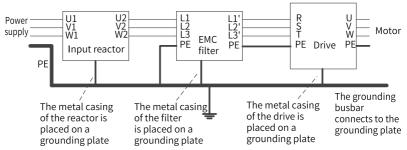


Figure 3-9 Installing the AC input reactor

EMC filter

Install the filter near the input terminals of the drive. The cable between the filter and the drive must be shorter than 30 cm. Connect the grounding terminal of the filter together with the grounding terminal of the drive. Ensure the filter and the drive are installed onto the same conductive mounting surface that is connected to the main grounding of the control cabinet.

3.5 Cable Preparation

There are many cables connecting to the drive, including the power supply cable, power cable, encoder cable, control cable and communication cable. For detailed cable specifications, see the hardware guide.

If you have special requirements on the cables, contact Inovance.

Crimping

The following figure illustrates how to crimp a cable. The crimping method may vary with different cable types.

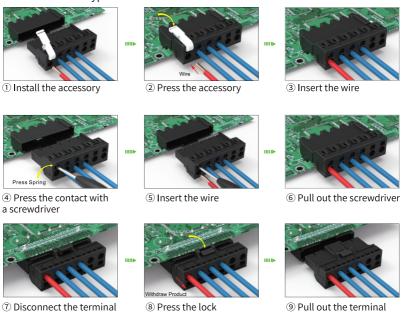


Figure 3-10 Crimping a cable

4 Unpacking and Handling

Check the following items upon unpacking.

Items	Description	
Check whether the delivered product is consistent with your order.	Check whether the servo drive model and specifications comply with your order. See the dimensions of the packing box in "Table 4–1" on page 21. The deliverables include the product, cushion, carton box, and screw bag, as shown in "Figure 4–1" on page 21.	
Check whether the product is intact.	Check whether the product delivered is in good condition. If there is any missing or damage, contact Inovance or your supplier immediately.	

Table 4–1 Dimensions of the outer packing box

	Madal	Outer	Outer	Outer	Woight
Size	Model	Width	Height	Depth	Weight
	SV670N****I	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(kg)
Size A	S1R6, S2R8	250.0	110.0	200.0	1.13
Size C	S5R5, S7R6, T3R5, T5R4	235.0	125.0	215.0	1.5
Size D	S012, T8R4, T012	235.0	150.0	225.0	2.0
Size E	S018, S022, S027, T017, T021, T026	320.0	170.0	280.0	3.9

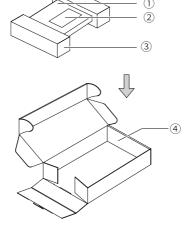


Figure 4-1 Contents inside the packing box

No.	Name
1)	Product
2	Terminal accessory package

No.	Name
3	Cushion
4	Carton box

Table 4–2 Terminal accessory package list

Material Code	Name	Quantity
15210577	Plug-in terminal block-plug-spring clamp wiring-9P-black-with safety lock	1
15210695	Plug-in terminal block-plug-spring clamp wiring-4P-black	1
15210857	Plug -2* terminal block-spring wiring-2*8P-black-yellow buckle	1
15220274	Jumper bar-16A-pluggable bridge	1
19020818	Label-CV100 blank QR code (RoHS)	1
19021377	Labels-labels for servo drive terminals	1
19033058	Bag-Ziplock bag for screws delivered with the 60 kW hybrid bus motor inverter	1
21020021	Plastic parts-plug wiring key-for use with servo drive power plug	1

If you need to purchase the terminal accessory package separately, please contact Inovance. For the material code of the accessory package for each model, refer to "Table 4–3" on page 22.

Table 4–3 Material code of the accessory package for each model

Material Code	Name
98050610	Accessories (sale)-S6-C109-SV670N size E terminal accessory package
98050611	Accessories (sale)-S6-C108-SV670N terminal accessory package
98050612	Accessories (sale)-S6-C107-SV670N size A terminal accessory package

5 Mechanical Installation

5.1 Safety Cautions

Table 5–1 Installation Precautions

Item Description			
Item	ı		
Installation Method	 Install the servo drive vertically and upward to facilitate heat dissipation. For installation of multiple servo drives inside the cabinet, install them side by side. For dual-row installation, install an air guide plate. Make sure the servo drive is installed vertically to the wall. Cool the servo drive down with natural convection or a cooling fan. Secure the servo drive to the mounting surface through two to four mounting holes (the number of mounting holes depends on the capacity of the servo drive). Install the servo drive vertically to the wall, with its front (actual mounting face) facing the operator. The mounting bracket (if needed) must be made of incombustible materials. 		
Cooling	As shown in "3.3 Installation Dimensions" on page 17, reserve sufficient space around the servo drive to ensure a good heat dissipation through the cooling fan or natural convection. Take the heat dissipated by other devices inside the cabinet into consideration. Install a cooling fan to the upper part of the servo drive to avoid excessive temperature rise in a certain area, keeping an even temperature inside the control cabinet.		
Grounding	Ground the grounding terminal properly. Failure to comply may result in electric shock or malfunction due to interference.		
Wiring Requirements	As shown in the figure below, route the servo drive cables downwards to prevent liquid from flowing into the servo drive along the cables.		

5.2 Pre-Inspection

Table 5-2 Inspection Checklist

No.	Description	Yes
1	The delivered product is consistent with your order.	
2	No deformation or cracks are present on the casing.	
3	All screws are in position and tightened.	
4	The signal terminal is free from fracture, foreign objects and bent pins.	

5.3 Installing the Absolute Encoder Battery

The optional S6-C4A battery box contains the following items:

- One plastic case.
- One battery (3.6 V, 2,600 mAh).
- Terminal block and crimping terminal.

Installing the battery box

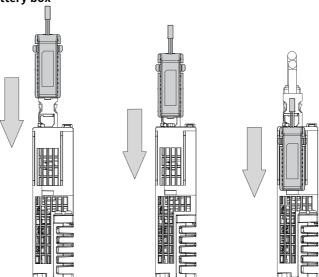
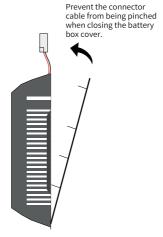


Figure 5-1 Installing the battery box (bottom view)

Removing the battery box

The battery may generate leakage liquid after long-term use. Replace it every two years. Remove the battery box in steps shown in the preceding figure, but in the reverse order.

When closing the battery box cover, prevent the connector cable from being pinched.



Improper use of the battery may result in liquid leakage which corrodes the components or leads to battery explosion. Observe the following precautions during use:



- Insert the battery with polarity (+/-) placed correctly.
- Leaving an idled or retired battery inside the device may lead to electrolyte leakage. The electrolyte inside the battery is highly corrosive, not only corroding surrounding components but also incurring the risk of short circuit. It is recommended to replace the battery every 2 years.
- Do not disassemble the battery because the internal electrolyte may spread out and result in personal injury.
- Do not throw a battery into the fire. Failure to comply may result in an explosion.
- Do not short-circuit the battery or strip off the battery case. Prevent terminals (+)
 and (-) of the battery from coming into contact with the metal. Contact with the
 metal can result in a high current, not only weakening the battery power, but also
 incurring the risk of explosion due to severe heating.
- This battery is not rechargeable.
- Dispose of the retired battery according to local regulations.

5.4 Mounting the Drive

The servo drive supports backplate mounting only.

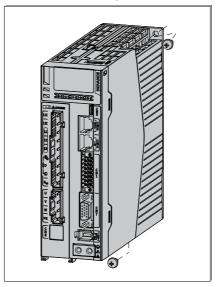


Figure 5-2 Backplate mounting

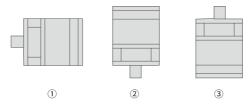
Note

- Servo drives in sizes A and C are secured by two screws, with one screw on the top and the other one at the bottom.
- Servo drives in size D are secured by three screws, with two screws on the top and another one at the bottom.
- Servo drives in size E are secured by four screws, with two screws on the top and the other two at the bottom.

5.5 Installing the Motor

Installation Direction

The MS1 series motor is flange-mounted. It can be mounted in three directions, as shown in the following figure.



The motor can be horizontally or vertically mounted. When it is mounted in direction 3:

- Note the permissible axial force of the motor (gravity of the drive unit) and the IP rating requirement.
- If a oil seal is used, oil may enter the motor.
- Ensure that the direction is suitable for operation conditions.

Heat dissipation

The MS1 series motor is naturally cooled. The internal heat is consumed through heat conduction, heat radiation and natural convection. A heatsink is used for heat conduction. For details, see "Installation cautions" on page 27. To ensure adequate heat dissipation, at least 100 mm spacing between adjacent parts is recommended on three sides.

When the motor is used together with a reducer, the motor needs to be derated.

Installation cautions

The mechanical and electrical installation of the motor must be performed by trained professionals:

- Obey the data on the nameplate and the warning labels attached to the motor.
- Ensure that the environmental conditions of the installation site (such as temperature and installation height) meet the requirements. It is forbidden to use the motor in explosive environment.
- Thoroughly remove the preservative from the shaft extension with a commonly used solvent.
- To ensure heat dissipation, install a heat sink between the machine tool and the motor. The larger the heat sink, the better the heat dissipation. The recommended size and material of the heat sink are as follows:



- MS1H1/MS1H4: $250 \times 250 \times 6$ (mm) (aluminum)
- MS1H2-10C to 25C: $300 \times 300 \times 12$ (mm) (steel)
- \bullet MS1H2-30C to 50C: 400 \times 400 \times 20 (mm) (steel)
- MS1H3-85B to 18C: $400 \times 400 \times 20$ ((mm) (steel)
- \bullet MS1H3-29C to 75C: 360 \times 360 \times 25 ((mm) (aluminum)

Do not put an insulator, such as a pad, between the servo motor and heat sink, otherwise motor temperature will rise and the motor may fail.

- For vertical mounting with the shaft extension upwards, ensure that no liquid enters the upper bearing.
- When using a motor with an oil seal, you must lower the oil level to the lip of the oil seal.
- To prevent excessive wear of the oil seal, leave a small amount of oil on the lip for lubrication.
- The motor can only be installed on a flat, vibration-free and distortion-resistant support flange surface according to the specified structure.
- Use hexagon socket screws with strength grade of at least 8.8.
- When tightening the fixing screws, prevent the screws from deforming.
- Obey the recommended tightening torque values of motor flange fixing screws. See the following table "Table 5–3 Recommended tightening torques for fixing screws" on page 28.
- For motors with a flange of 180 mm or above, remove or tighten the lifting lugs after the motor is mounted.

Flange Size	Screw Qty. and Size	Tightening Torque (in N⋅m)
40	2×M4	2.4
60	4×M5	4.7
80	4×M6	8
100	4×M6	8
130	4×M8	20
180	4×M12	65

Table 5–3 Recommended tightening torques for fixing screws

Note

- To avoid damage to the motor, do not hit or squeeze the shaft extension.
- To avoid corrosion.
 - When cleaning rust and stains at the end of motor shaft, use ordinary detergent.
 - Keep detergent away from the bearings and seals.
- Do not soak the oil seal in the oil. Oil inside the servo motor may cause malfunction.

Installation of the brake motor

After the brake is energized, the electric excitation coil closes and the armature is released. After the power is cut off, the brake holds the motor shaft through a

mechanical elastic device. The brake is only used for stopping the motor. Frequent use will shorten its service life. If it is not absolutely necessary, do not use it for emergency stop or deceleration.

The rated voltage of the brake is 24V DC \pm 10%. The minimum voltage that supplied on the connector at the motor side must be 24 V DC (-10%) to ensure the normal opening of the brake. When the maximum voltage of 24V DC (+10%) is exceeded, the brake may be closed again. The voltage drop on the cable should be considered for long-distance brake cables. The approximate calculation of voltage drop Δ U of a copper cable is as follows:

 $\Delta U [V] = 0.042 \Omega \cdot mm^2/m (L/q) \cdot I_{brake}$

Where: L = cable length (m), q = cross-sectional area of brake cable conductor (mm²), I brake = Brake DC current (A)

The close time and open time of the brake vary with the discharge circuit. Ensure that the operation delay time is obtained from the actual device.

Avoid starting the motor repeatedly for a short time when the brake is still connected. Therefore, the switching time of the brake and the switching time of the relay should be considered in the drive control circuit or the enabling circuit.

For applications where the gravity shaft or mechanical parts may drop, you must take protection measures, for example, using an anti-drop mechanism with dual safety structure.

Note

- When the motor with a brake is accelerating, stopping or running at low speed, the
 rotating disc of the brake will produce a slight friction sound, which is not a fault
 or abnormality.
- Because the brake backlash will occur when the brake is not electrified, there will
 be a tiny return clearance in the rotating direction of the motor shaft, which is
 normal.

Mechanical connection

Install and remove transmission units, such as couplings, gears and pulleys, only using appropriate tools.

- Use the threaded hole on the shaft extension;
- Heat the transmission unit when necessary;
- Use a washer to protect the shaft extension center during disassembly;
- The motor with a keyway has been tested for half-key balance before delivery. If necessary, you can perform full balancing for the motor with transmission units.

Coupling

- Use a dedicated flexible coupling. It is recommended to use a double leaf spring coupling that allow a certain eccentric angle.
- To prevent malfunction, use a coupling with a proper size.
- Although the centering of the coupling varies with the rotating speed and the type
 of the coupling, ensure that the coaxiality of the load at both ends of the coupling
 is < 0.03 mm.

Belt connection

- Select the appropriate belt according to the allowable radial load of the servo motor and the output power of the motor.
- When installing the belt, ensure that its tension is lower than the specified allowable radial load.
- See the instructions of the belt manufacturer for detailed installation precautions.

5.6 Post-Inspection

Table 5-4 Inspection Checklist

No.	Description	Yes
1	Terminal screws are tightened to the specified torque and marked.	
2	The servo drive and the external regenerative resistor are placed on incombustible objects.	
3	No unwanted objects (such as cable terminals and metal chippings) that may cause short circuit are present inside or outside the servo drive.	
4	The servo motor is installed properly. The motor shaft is connected to the machine securely.	
5	The servo motor and the machine it is connected to are in good condition and ready to run.	
6	The connector of the main circuit cable is crimped and installed firmly.	

6 Electrical Installation

6.1 Safety Cautions

- Observe the following requirements during wiring of the power supply and main circuit:
 - When the main circuit terminal is a connector, remove the connector from the servo drive before wiring.
 - Insert one cable into one cable terminal of the connector. Do not insert multiple cables into one cable terminal.
 - When inserting cables, take enough care to prevent the cable conductor burrs from being short circuited to the neighboring cable.
 - Insulate the connecting part of the power supply terminals to prevent electric shock.
 - Do not connect a 220 V servo drive to a 380 V power supply directly.
 - Install safety devices such as a circuit breaker to prevent short circuit in external circuits. Failure to comply may result in a fire.
 - Cut off the main circuit power supply and switch off the S-ON signal after an alarm signal is detected.
- Do not put heavy objects onto cables or pull cables with excessive force. Failure to comply may result in cable damage, leading to an electric shock.
- Use a power supply filter to reduce the electromagnetic interference on electronic devices surrounding the servo drive.

6.2 Wiring of the Power Supply

 Single-phase 220 V models: SV670NS1R6I, SV670NS2R8I, SV670NS5R5I, SV670NS7R6I and SV670NS012I

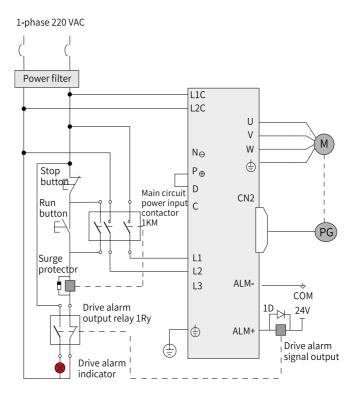


Figure 6-1 Main circuit wiring

- 1KM: Electromagnetic contactor; 1Ry: Relay; 1D: Flywheel diode
- DO is set as alarm output (ALM+/-). When the servo drive alarms, the power supply
 will be cut off automatically. S1R6 and S2R8 are not configured with built-in
 regenerative resistors, if the regenerative resistor is needed, connect an external
 regenerative resistor between P⊕ and C.
- Three-phase 220 V models: SV670NS1R6I, SV670NS2R8I, SV670NS5R5I, SV670NS7R6I, SV670NS012I, SV670NS018I, SV670NS022I and SV670NS027I

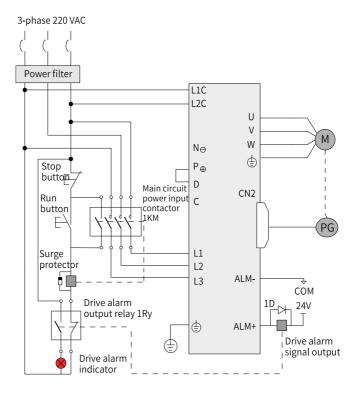


Figure 6-2 Main circuit wiring

- 1KM: Electromagnetic contactor; 1Ry: Relay; 1D: Flywheel diode
- The DO is set as alarm output (ALM+/-). When the servo drive alarms, the power supply is cut off automatically and the alarm indicator lights up.
- Three-phase 380 V models: SV670NT3R5I, SV670NT5R4I, SV670NT8R4I, SV670NT012I, SV670NT017I, SV670NT021I, SV670NT026I

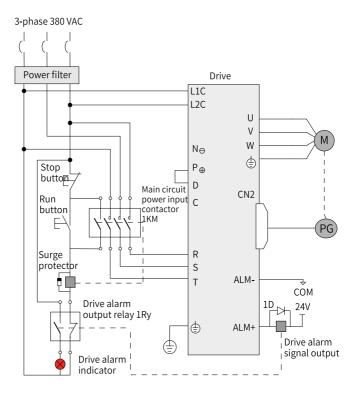


Figure 6-3 Main circuit wiring

- 1KM: Electromagnetic contactor; 1Ry: Relay; 1D: Flywheel diode
- The DO is set as alarm output (ALM+/-). When the servo drive alarms, the power supply is cut off automatically and the alarm indicator lights up.

6.3 Wiring with the Motor



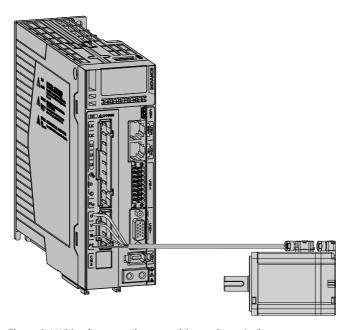


Figure 6-4 Wiring between the servo drive and terminal-type motor



To avoid flying start, ensure that the phase sequence is correct.

Table 6–1 Description of the terminal-type power cable connector (servo motor side)

Flange Size [1]	Outline Drawing of the		Terminal Pin Layout		
riange Size	Connector		Pin No.	Signal Name	Color
Terminal-	5 0	6	1	PE	Yellow/ Green
type:		4	2	W	Red
40		3	3	V	Black
60		<u>4</u> 11	4	U	White
80		- Ar	5	Brake (polarity	Brown
	Black 6-pin connector	•	6	insensitive)	Blue

- [1] The flange size refers to the width of the mounting flange.
- Power cable colors are subject to the actual product. All cable colors mentioned in this guide refer to Inovance cable colors.

Table 6-2 Description of the flying leads power cable connector (servo motor side)

Flange Size [1]	Outline Drawing of the	Terminal Pin Layout		
Trange Size	Connector	Pin No.	Signal Name	Color
		1	U	White
		2	V	Black
e		4	W	Red
Flying leads type:	6 3	5	PE	Yellow/
40		<u> </u>		Green
60		3		Brown
80 Blac Recor housi	Black 6-pin connector Recommendation: Plastic housing: MOLEX-50361736 Terminal: MOLEX-39000061	6	Brake (polarity insensitive)	Blue

- $\bullet \quad [1]$ The flange size refers to the width of the mounting flange.
- Power cable colors are subject to the actual product. All cable colors mentioned in this guide refer to Inovance cable colors.

Terminal Pin Layout Outline Drawing of the Flange Size [1] Signal Name Connector Pin No. Color В Blue 20-18 connector ٧ Black HG F W Red 100 BO 10 OF Yellow/ G PΕ 130 Green C Red Brake MIL-DTL-5015 series 3108E20-(polarity 18S military-spec connector Ε Black insensitive)

Table 6–3 Description of the power cable connector (motor side)

Table 6-4 Description of the power cable connector (motor side)

Flange Size [1]	Outline Drawing of the	Terminal Pin Layout		
Flatige Size	Connector	Pin No.	Signal Name	Color
		Α	U	Blue
180	20-22 connector Fo Bo C oD	С	V	Black
		E	W	Red
		F	PE	Yellow/ Green
		В	Brake	Red
	MIL-DTL-5015 series 3108E20- 22S military-spec connector	D	(polarity insensitive)	Black

- [1] The flange size refers to the width of the mounting flange.
- Power cable colors are subject to the actual product. All cable colors mentioned in this guide refer to Inovance cable colors.

6.4 Post-Inspection

Table 6-5 Inspection Checklist

No.	Description	Yes
1	The power input terminals (L1C, L2C, L1, L2, L3, R, S, T) of the servo drive are connected properly.	
2	$P\oplus$, D, C and $N\Theta$ are connected correctly.	

No.	Description	Yes
3	The main circuit cables (U, V, W) of the motor are connected to the U/V/W terminals of the drive correctly.	
4	No short circuit exists in the power input terminals (L1, L2, L3, R, S, T) or main circuit output terminals (U, V, W) of the servo drive.	
5	The stress suffered by the cable is within the specified range.	
6	The servo drive and servo motor are grounded properly.	
7	All the wiring terminals are insulated properly.	



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