INOVANCE



MD520 Series General-Purpose AC Drive **Quick Installation and Commissioning Guide**













Preface

About This Guide

The MD520 series AC drive is a general-purpose high-performance current vector AC drive. It is designed to control and regulate the speed and torque of three-phase AC asynchronous motors. It can be used to drive textile machines, paper making machines, wire drawing machines, machine tools, packaging machines, food machines, fans, water pumps, and other automated production equipment.

This guide describes the installation, wiring, commissioning, and troubleshooting of the AC drive. For complete information on parameters and fault codes, see *MD520 Series General-Purpose AC Drive Parameter Guide.*

More Data

Name	Data Code	Description
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive User Guide	PS00012134	This guide describes product selection, mechanical design, electrical design, installation, communication, commissioning, function application, troubleshooting, and standards.
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive Parameter Guide	19012397	This guide describes parameters and fault codes.
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive Quick Installation and Commissioning Guide (this guide)	19011712	This guide describes the installation, wiring, commissioning, troubleshooting, and others.
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive Hardware Guide	19011713	This guide describes the system composition, technical specifications, components, dimensions, options (including installation accessories, cables, and peripheral electrical components), expansion cards, routine inspection and maintenance, certifications, and standards of the AC drive.
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive Installation Guide	19011714	This guide describes the installation dimensions, space design, specific installation steps, wiring requirements, routing requirements, option installation requirements, and common EMC troubleshooting suggestions.
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive Commissioning Guide	19011715	This guide describes commissioning tools, commissioning flowchart, detailed commissioning steps, and troubleshooting.

Name	Data Code	Description			
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive Communication Guide	19011716	This guide describes the communication mode, communication networking, and communication configuration of the product.			
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive Function Guide	19011717	This guide describes function applications, and troubleshooting of the product.			
MD520 Series General- Purpose AC Drive Safety Function Guide	19011795	This guide describes the safety information, instructions for mechanical and electrical installation, commissioning and maintenance guidance, and safety- related parameters of the AC drive.			

Revision History

Date	Version	Software Version	Description
February 2024	A02	Version: A12 Version tag: F7-10= U60.07/F7-11= U61.10/F7-15= 000.00/F7-16=000.00	 Deleted the following information: Deleted 4.2 List of Fault Codes and 4.3 List of Fault Attributes. Added "4.2 List of Faults and Alarms" on page 68. For details on fault codes, see the parameter guide. Deleted 5 Parameter List. For complete information on parameters and fault codes, see MD520 Series General-Purpose AC Drive Parameter Guide.
November 2023	A01	Version: A10 Version tag: F7-10= U60.07/F7-11= U61.08/F7-15= 000.00/F7-16=000.00	Modified the following information: • Updated the fault information in section 4.2 Fault List. • Updated Parameter List. • Made minor corrections. Added the following sections: • "1.2.4.1 Removing the Cover" on page 28 • "1.2.4.2 Installing the Cover" on page 29 • "Installing T13 Models" on page 31
January 2022	A00	-	First issue

Access to the Guide

This guide is not delivered with the product. You can obtain the PDF version by the following methods:

- Visit <u>http://www.inovance.com</u>, go to Support > Download, search by keyword, and then download the PDF file.
- Scan the QR code on the product with your smart phone.

• Scan the QR code below to install the app, where you can search for and download manuals.



Warranty Disclaimer

Inovance provides warranty service within the warranty period (as specified in your order) for any fault or damage that is not caused by improper operation of the user. You will be charged for any repair work after the warranty period expires.

Within the warranty period, maintenance fee will be charged for the following damage:

- Damage caused by operations not following the instructions in the user guide
- Damage caused by fire, flood, or abnormal voltage
- Damage caused by unintended use of the product
- Damage caused by use beyond the specified scope of application of the product
- Damage or secondary damage caused by force majeure (natural disaster, earthquake, and lightning strike)

The maintenance fee is charged according to the latest Price List of Inovance. If otherwise agreed upon, the terms and conditions in the agreement shall prevail.

For details, see the Product Warranty Card.

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Fundamental Safety Instructions

Safety Precautions

- This chapter presents essential safety instructions for a proper use of the equipment. Before using this product, read the user guide thoroughly and correctly understand the related safety precautions. Failure to comply with the safety instructions may result in death, severe personal injuries, or equipment damage.
- "CAUTION", "WARNING", and "DANGER" items in the guide only indicate some of the precautions that need to be followed; they just supplement the safety precautions.
- Use this equipment according to the designated environment requirements. Damage caused by improper use is not covered by warranty.
- Inovance shall take no responsibility for any personal injuries or property damage caused by improper use.

Safety Levels and Definitions

A DANGER

Indicates that failure to comply with the notice will result in death or severe personal injuries.

Indicates that failure to comply with the notice may result in death or severe personal injuries.

A CAUTION

Indicates that failure to comply with the notice may result in minor or moderate personal injuries or equipment damage.

General Safety Instructions

- Drawings in the guide are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Remember to install the covers or protective guards as specified first, and then perform operations in accordance with the instructions.
- The drawings in the guide are shown for illustration only and may be different from the product you purchased.
- Users must take mechanical precautions to protect personal safety and wear protective equipment, such as anti-smashing shoes, safety clothing, safety glasses, protective gloves, and protective sleeves.

Unpacking



- Do not install the equipment if you find damage, rust, or signs of use on the equipment or accessories upon unpacking.
- Do not install the equipment if you find water seepage or missing or damaged components upon unpacking.
- Do not install the equipment if you find the packing list does not conform to the equipment you received.

🔨 CAUTION

- Check whether the packing is intact and whether there is damage, water seepage, dampness, and deformation before unpacking.
- Unpack the package by following the unpacking sequence. Do not strike the package violently.
- Check whether there is damage, rust, or injuries on the surface of the equipment and equipment accessories before unpacking.
- Check whether the package contents are consistent with the packing list before unpacking.

Storage and Transportation

- Large-scale or heavy equipment must be transported by qualified professionals using specialized hoisting equipment. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries or equipment damage.
- Before hoisting the equipment, ensure the equipment components such as the front cover and terminal blocks are secured firmly with screws. Loosely-connected components may fall off and result in personal injuries or equipment damage.
- Never stand or stay below the equipment when the equipment is being hoisted by the hoisting equipment.
- When hoisting the equipment with a steel rope, ensure the equipment is hoisted at a constant speed without suffering from vibration or shock. Do not turn the equipment over or let the equipment stay hanging in the air. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries or equipment damage.



- Handle the equipment with care during transportation and mind your steps to prevent personal injuries or equipment damage.
- When carrying the equipment with bare hands, hold the equipment casing firmly with care to prevent parts from falling. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
- Store and transport the equipment based on the storage and transportation requirements. Failure to comply will result in equipment damage.
- Avoid storing or transporting the equipment in environments with water splash, rain, direct sunlight, strong electric field, strong magnetic field, and strong vibration.
- Avoid storing the equipment for more than three months. Long-term storage requires stricter protection and necessary inspections.
- Pack the equipment strictly before transportation. Use a sealed box for long-distance transportation.
- Never transport the equipment with other equipment or materials that may harm or have negative impacts on this equipment.

Installation



• The equipment must be operated only by professionals with electrical knowledge. Nonprofessionals are not allowed.

- Read through the guide and safety instructions before installation.
- Do not install this equipment in places with strong electric or magnetic fields.
- Before installation, check that the mechanical strength of the installation site can bear the weight of the equipment. Failure to comply will result in mechanical hazards.
- Do not wear loose clothes or accessories during installation. Failure to comply may result in an electric shock.
- When installing the equipment in a closed environment (such as a cabinet or casing), use a cooling device (such as a fan or air conditioner) to cool the environment down to the required temperature. Failure to comply may result in equipment over-temperature or a fire.
- Do not retrofit the equipment.
- Do not fiddle with the bolts used to fix equipment components or the bolts marked in red.
- When the equipment is installed in a cabinet or final assembly, a fireproof enclosure providing both electrical and mechanical protections must be provided. The IP rating must meet IEC standards and local laws and regulations.
- Before installing equipments with strong electromagnetic interference, such as a transformer, install a shielding equipment for the equipment to prevent malfunction.
- Install the equipment onto an incombustible object such as a metal. Keep the equipment away from combustible objects. Failure to comply will result in a fire.

A CAUTION

- Cover the top of the equipment with a piece of cloth or paper during installation. This is to prevent unwanted objects such as metal chippings, oil, and water from falling into the equipment and causing faults. After installation, remove the cloth or paper on the top of the equipment to prevent over-temperature caused by poor ventilation due to blocked ventilation holes.
- Resonance may occur when the equipment operating at a constant speed executes variable speed operations. In this case, install the vibration-proof rubber under the motor frame or use the vibration suppression function to reduce resonance.

Wiring



- Equipment installation, wiring, maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement must be performed only by professionals.
- Before wiring, cut off all the power supplies of the equipment. and wait for at least the time designated on the equipment warning label before further operations because residual voltage still exists after power-off. After waiting for the designated time, measure the DC voltage in the main circuit to ensure the DC voltage is within the safe voltage range. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- Do not perform wiring, remove the equipment cover, or touch the circuit board with power ON. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- Check that the equipment is grounded properly. Failure to comply can result in electric shock.

- Do not connect the input power supply to the output end of the equipment. Failure to comply can result in equipment damage or even a fire.
- When connecting a drive to the motor, check that the phase sequences of the drive and motor terminals are consistent to prevent reverse motor rotation.
- Cables used for wiring must meet cross sectional area and shielding requirements. The shield of the cable must be reliably grounded at one end.
- Fix the terminal screws with the tightening torque specified in the user guide. Improper tightening torque may overheat or damage the connecting part, resulting in a fire.
- After wiring is done, check that all cables are connected properly and no screws, washers or exposed cables are left inside the equipment. Failure to comply may result in an electric shock or equipment damage.



- Follow the proper electrostatic discharge (ESD) procedure and wear an anti-static wrist strap to perform wiring. Failure to comply may result in damage to the equipment or to the internal circuit of the product.
- Use shielded twisted pairs for the control circuit. Connect the shield to the grounding terminal of the equipment for grounding purpose. Failure to comply will result in equipment malfunction.

Power-on



 In case of a permanent magnet motor, do not touch the motor terminals immediately after power-off because the motor terminals will generate induced voltage during rotation even after the equipment power supply is off. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.



Safety label

For safe equipment operation and maintenance, comply with the safety labels on the equipment. Do not damage or remove the safety labels. The following table describes the meaning of the safety labels.

Safety Label					
T12 Models	T13 Models	Description			
and Below	115 Models				
企 全 (2) 10min	<u>入</u> [] 入()15min	 Read through the safety instructions before operating the equipment. Failure to comply may result in death, personal injuries, or equipment damage. Do not touch the terminals or remove the cover with power ON or within 10 min (for T12 models and below) or 15 min (for T13 models) after power-off. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock. 			

Product Model List

The following table lists the mapping between product models and structures.

Structure	Product Model					
	Three-Phase 380 V to 480 V	Three-Phase 200 V to 240 V	Single-Phase 200 V to 240 V			
T1	MD520-4T0.4B(S)	MD520-2T0.4B(S)	-			
	MD520-4T0.7B(S)	MD520-2T0.7B(S)				
	MD520-4T1.1B(S)	MD520-2T1.1B(S)				
	MD520-4T1.5B(S)	MD520-2T1.5B(S)				
	MD520-4T2.2B(S)					
	MD520-4T3.0B(S)					
T2	MD520-4T3.7B(S)	MD520-2T2.2B(S)	MD520-2S0.4B(S)			
	MD520-4T5.5B(S)	MD520-2T3.7B(S)	MD520-2S0.7B(S)			
			MD520-2S1.5B(S)			
			MD520-2S2.2B(S)			
Т3	MD520-4T7.5B(S)	MD520-2T5.5B(S)	-			
	MD520-4T11B(S)					
T4	MD520-4T15B(S)	MD520-2T7.5B(S)	-			
T5	MD520-4T18.5(B)(S)(-T)	MD520-2T11(B)(S)	-			
	MD520-4T22(B)(S)(-T)					
Т6	MD520-4T30(B)(S)	MD520-2T15(B)(S)	-			
	MD520-4T37(B)(S)	MD520-2T18.5(B)(S)				
Т7	MD520-4T45(B)(S)	MD520-2T22(B)(S)	-			
	MD520-4T55(B)(S)	MD520-2T30(B)(S)				
Т8	MD520-4T75(B)(S)	MD520-2T37(B)(S)	-			
	MD520-4T90(S)	MD520-2T45(S)				
	MD520-4T110(S)	MD520-2T55(S)				
Т9	MD520-4T132(S)	MD520-2T75(S)	-			
	MD520-4T160(S)					
T10	MD520-4T200(S)(-L)	MD520-2T90(S)	-			
	MD520-4T220(S)(-L)	MD520-2T110(S)				
T11	MD520-4T250(S)(-L)	MD520-2T132(S)	-			
	MD520-4T280(S)(-L)					
T12	MD520-4T315(S)(-L)	MD520-2T160(S)	-			
	MD520-4T355(S)(-L)	MD520-2T200(S)				
	MD520-4T400(S)(-L)					
T13 (without the	MD520-4T500	-	-			
auxiliary power	MD520-4T500(S)					
distribution	MD520-4T560					
cabinet)	MD520-4T560(S)					
	MD520-4T630					
	MD520-4T630(S)					

Table -1 Mapping	between	product	models	and	structures
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Structure	Product Model						
	Three-Phase 380 V to 480 V	Three-Phase 200 V to 240 V	Single-Phase 200 V to 240 V				
T13 (with the	MD520-4T500-A	-	-				
auxiliary power	MD520-4T500(S)-A						
distribution	MD520-4T560-A						
cabinet)	MD520-4T560(S)-A						
	MD520-4T630-A						
	MD520-4T630(S)-A						
Note:							
• (B): with the brak	ng unit						
• (S): with the safe torque off (STO) function							
• (-T): with the DC reactor							
• (-L): with the AC o	utput reactor						

1 Mechanical Installation

1.1 T1 to T9 Model Installation

1.1.1 Dimensions of T1 and T9 Models



Figure 1-1 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T1 to T4 models

Structure	Mounting Hole mm (in.)		Outline Dimension mm (in.)			Mounting Hole Diameter mm (in.)	Weight kg (lb)	
	А	В	н	W	D	d x 4		
T1	119 (4.7)	189 (7.5)	200 (7.9)	130 (5.1)	150 (6.0)	Ø5 (0.2)	1.6 (3.5)	
T2	119 (4.7)	189 (7.5)	200 (7.9)	130 (5.1)	160 (6.4)	Ø5 (0.2)	2.0 (4.4)	
T3	128 (5.0)	238 (9.4)	250 (9.9)	140 (5.5)	168.3 (6.7)	Ø6 (0.2)	3.3 (7.3)	
T4	166 (6.5)	266 (10.5)	280 (11.0)	180 (7.1)	169 (6.7)	Ø6 (0.2)	4.3 (9.5)	

Table 1–1 Outline dimensions and n	nounting dimensions of T1 to T4 models
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Figure 1-2 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T5 to T6 models

Structure	Mount mm	Mounting Hole Outline Dimension mm (in.) mm (in.)				Mounting Hole Diameter mm (in.)	Weight kg (lb)	
	А	В	Н	H1	W	D	d x 4	
T5 (without the DC reactor)	195 (7.7)	335 (13.2)	350 (13.8)	-	210 (8.3)	193.4 (7.6)	Ø6 (0.2)	7.6 (16.8)
T5 (-T models come with the DC reactor)	195 (7.7)	335 (13.2)	350 (13.8)	-	210 (8.3)	193.4 (7.6)	Ø6 (0.2)	10.0 (22.0)
Т6	230 (9.1)	380 (15.0)	400 (15.8)	-	250 (9.9)	220.8 (8.7)	Ø7 (0.3)	17.5 (38.6)

Table 1–2 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T5 to T6 models



Figure 1-3 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T7 to T9 models

Structure	Mounti mm	ng Hole (in.)		Outline D mm	imension (in.)		Mount ing Hole Diame ter mm (in.)	Weight kg (lb)
	А	В	Н	H1	W	D	d x 4	
Т7	245 (9.7)	523 (20.6)	525 (20.7)	542 (21.4)	300 (11.8)	275 (10.8)	Ø10 (0.4)	35 (77.2)
Т8	270 (10.6)	560 (22.1)	554 (21.8)	580 (22.9)	338 (13.3)	315 (12.4)	Ø10 (0.4)	51.5 (113.5)
Т9	320 (12.6)	890 (35.1)	874 (34.4)	915 (36.1)	400 (15.8)	320 (12.6)	Ø10 (0.4)	85 (187.4)

Table 1–3 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T7 to T9 models

1.1.2 Backplate Mounting

Fix the AC drive with all nuts. Do not fasten only the upper two nuts on the drive. Otherwise, the drive may fall off due to uneven force during long-time running.



Figure 1-4 Backplate mounting of T1 to T6 models



Figure 1-5 Backplate mounting of T7 to T9 models

1.1.3 Through-Hole Mounting

T1 to T6 models

1. Install the AC drive into the mounting bracket, and then fix the screws at both sides of the bracket.



The following figure shows the AC drive with the bracket installed.



2. Fix the AC drive with the bracket to the back of the control cabinet.



The following figure shows the AC drive installed in the cabinet.



T7 to T9 models

1. Fix the mounting brackets to both sides of the drive.



The following figure shows an AC drive with brackets mounted.



2. Fix the drive with brackets to the backplate of the control cabinet.



The following figure shows the drive installed by through-hole mounting.



1.2 T10 to T12 Model Installation

1.2.1 Dimensions of T10 to T12 Models (Without AC Output Reactor)





Struc ture		Mounting Hole mm (in.)				Ove	rall Dimer mm (in.)	Mounting Hole Diameter mm (in.)	Weight kg (lb)		
	A1	A2	B1	B2	Н	H1	W	W1	D	D1	
T10	240	150	1035	86	1086	1134	300	360	500	ф12 (0 E)	110 (242 5)
110	(9.5)	(5.9)	(40.8)	(3.4)	(42.8)	(44.7)	(11.8)	(14.2)	(19.7)	φ13 (0.3)	110 (242.3)
T11	225	185	1175	97	1248	1284	330	390	545	ф12 (0 Б)	155 (241 7)
111	(8.9)	(7.3)	(46.3)	(3.8)	(49.2)	(50.6)	(13)	(15.4)	(21.5)	φ13 (0.3)	133 (341.7)
T1 0	240	200	1280	101	1355	1405	340	400	545	+1C (0 C)	195 (407.0)
112	(9.5)	(7.9)	(50.4)	(4)	(53.4)	(55.4)	(13.4)	(15.8)	(21.5)	φ16 (0.6)	185 (407.9)

Table 1–4 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T10 to T12 models (without AC output reactor) $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =0$

1.2.2 Dimensions of T10 to T12 Models (with AC Output Reactor)



Figure 1-7 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T10 to T12 models (with AC output reactor)

Stru ctur e		Mount mn	ing Hole n (in.)		Overall Dimension mm (in.)			Mounting Hole Diameter mm (in.)	Weight kg (lb)		
	A1	A2	B1	B2	Н	H1	W	W1	D	D1	
T10	240	150	1035	424	1424	1472	300	360	500	Φ12 (0 E)	160 (252 7)
110	(9.5)	(5.9)	(40.8)	(16.7)	(56.1)	(58.0)	(11.8)	(14.2)	(19.7)	φ13 (0.5)	100 (332.7)
T11	225	185	1175	435	1586	1622	330	390	545	+12 (0 E)	215 (474.0)
111	-8.9	(7.3)	(46.3)	(17.1)	(62.5)	(63.9)	(13.0)	(15.4)	(21.5)	φ13 (0.5)	215 (474.0)
T1 2	240	200	1280	432	1683	1733	340	400	545	#16 (0 G)	245 (540.1)
112	-9.5	(7.9)	(50.4)	(17.0)	(66.3)	(68.3)	(13.4)	(15.8)	(21.5)	φ10 (0.0)	243 (340.1)

Table 1–5 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T10 to T12 models (with AC output reactor)

1.2.3 Installation Within the Cabinet

Context

The nine-fold profile cabinet (PS cabinet) is recommended. This kind of cabinet is in an assembled structure, which is cost effective. The openings on the main column of the cabinet meet the general standards, facilitating the design of mounting beams and structure strengthening. In summary, the nine-fold profile cabinet is a kind of industrial standard cabinet with high reliability. *"Figure 1–8 " on page 24* shows the cross section of the nine-fold profile cabinet.

Procedure

1. In the nine-fold profile cabinet (PS cabinet), install the mounting beam for fixing the AC drive and reserve fixed holes.



Figure 1-8 Top view of the cabinet for T11 and T12 models

To install T11 to T12 models into the nine-fold profile cabinet with the depth of 600 mm, bend the back mounting board inwards (not required for the cabinet with the depth of 800 mm), as shown in *"Figure 1–9" on page 25*. However, if the cabinet with the depth of 600 mm has both front and back doors, the AC drive cannot be installed in this kind of cabinet. Instead, install the AC drive into the cabinet with the depth of 800 mm.



Figure 1-9 3D of the cabinet for T11 and T12 models

2. Fix the bottom mounting bracket in the nine-fold profile cabinet. Fix the mounting bracket to the base of the nine-fold profile cabinet by using six M5 self-tapping screws, as shown in "Figure 1–10" on page 25.



Figure 1-10 Installing the bottom mounting bracket

Drill holes for the mounting bracket and assemble the bracket on site if the cabinet is not a nine-fold profile one.

- 3. Assemble the guide rails (model: MD500-AZJ-A3T10) and mount the guide rail assembly to the cabinet.
 - a. Assemble the guide rail, as shown in "Figure 1-11" on page 25.



Figure 1-11 Assembling guide rails

b. Align the two round holes at the front end of the mounting rail with the screws of the mounting bracket, and then lock the guide rail to the cabinet with two M6 nuts, as shown in *"Figure 1–12" on page 26*.



Figure 1-12 Mounting the guide rails to the cabinet

4. Remove the cover from the AC drive.

For details, see "1.2.4.1 Removing the Cover" on page 28. After the cover is removed, the auxiliary handle will be exposed.

5. Align the casters of the AC drive with the guide rails and gently push the AC drive into the cabinet.

During the push-in or pull-out process, use the auxiliary strap to prevent the drive from toppling over. It is recommended that two people work together.



Figure 1-13 Aligning the casters with the guide rails



Figure 1-14 Pushing the AC drive into the cabinet

6. Remove the auxiliary strap, install the four screws on the back of the AC drive to fix it to the beam in the cabinet.



Figure 1-15 Installing the AC drive to the beam

- 7. After installation is done, remove the guide rail.
- 8. Remove the air filter paper board at the top of the AC drive. The air filter paper board is used to prevent foreign objects such as screws from falling into the air filter during installation of the AC drive into the cabinet.



Figure 1-16 Removing the air filter paper board

1.2.4 Cover Removal and Installation

1.2.4.1 Removing the Cover

Before wiring the control circuit, such as operating jumpers or connecting PG cards or expansion cards, remove the cover from the AC drive. When removing the cover, hold the cover with your hands and carefully lift the lower part of the cover to prevent it from falling off. Failure to comply will result in equipment damage or personal injury.

Prerequisites

Before removing the cover, ensure that the machine has been powered off for over 10 minutes.

Procedure

1. Use a screwdriver to remove the six fixing screws of the cover.



2. Hold the cover with both hands, and lift it up in the arrow direction to remove it.



1.2.4.2 Installing the Cover

The cover of the AC drive must be removed before wiring the main circuit and control circuit. After wiring is done, re-install the cover.

Procedure

 Hold the cover with both hands, align its upper edge with the upper edge snap-fit joint on the chassis, and snap them together, as shown in the following figure. Then, align the six screw mounting holes on the cover with the cover mounting holes on the chassis and press them tightly against each other.



2. Install six fixing screws into the holes with a screwdriver to fasten the cover.



1.3 T13 Model Installation

1.3.1 Dimensions of T13 Models (Without Auxiliary Power Distribution Cabinet)



Figure 1-17 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T13 models (without auxiliary

power distribution cabinet)

Table 1–6 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T13 models (without auxiliary power distribution cabinet)

Structure	Mounting Hole mm (in.)							
	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	C3	
T13	660	73.5	450	85	125	104	136	
	(26.0)	(2.9)	(17.7)	(3.3)	(4.9)	(4.1)	(5.4)	

Struc		Ov	Mounting Hole	Weight			
ture			Diameter	kg (lb)			
			mm (in.)				
	Н	H1	W	D	D1	D2	
T13	1800	2100	805	610	680	15 (0.6)	530 (1168.4)
	(70.9)	(82.7)	(31.7)	(24.0)	(26.8)		



1.3.2 Dimensions of T13 Models (with Auxiliary Power Distribution Cabinet)

Figure 1-18 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T13 models (with auxiliary

power distribution cabinet)

Table 1-7 Outline dimensions and mounting dimensions of T13 models (with auxiliary power dist	ri-
bution cabinet)	

Struc	Mounting Hole								
ture	mm (in.)								
	A1	A2	A3	A4	B1	B2	C1	C2	C3
T13	660	73.5	260	140	450	85	132	104	136
	(26.0)	(2.9)	(10.2)	(5.5)	(17.7)	(3.3)	(5.2)	(4.1)	(5.4)

Struc		(Mounting	Weight			
ture			Hole	kg (lb)			
						Diameter	
			T	r	I	mm (in.)	
	Н	H H1 W D D1					
T13	1800	2100	1205	610	680	15	730
	(70.9)	(82.7)	(47.5)	(24.0)	(26.8)	(0.6)	(1609.4)

1.3.3 Ground levelness

- The installation base must be level and firm enough to bear the weight of the cabinet.
- Use the door lock in a proper way to open and close the cabinet unit.
- Ensure there is no gap between the cabinet and the ground when cabinets are connected side by side. For any inevitable gap (as shown by ① in the following figure), use a pad (as shown by ② in the following figure) to level the cabinet, and use proper fillings (for example, fireproof mud) to fill the gap.



Figure 1-19 Ground requirements

1.3.4 Installing Expansion Screws

To install the cabinet on a cement floor, embed expansion nuts in advance in the floor at positions corresponding to the fixing holes of the cabinet for fixing the cabinet.

The following figure shows the steps of installing expansion screws, where **1** indicates an expansion screw, **2** indicates the cabinet, and **3** indicates an M12 bolt.

- 1. Drill a hole for the expansion screw. The hole diameter shall be slightly smaller than the maximum outer diameter of the screw, and the hole depth shall be greater than the expansion screw length. The expansion screw must be vertical to the ground, as shown by "Step 1" in the following figure.
- 2. The expansion screw consists of a bolt spring enclosure and a screw part. Use a hammer to knock the expansion screw into the hole and ensure that the screw head is below the ground surface, as shown by "Step 2" in the following figure.
- 3. Place the cabinet and tighten the M12 screw. The screw part of the expansion screw will be pulled upward, so that the spring enclosure will be deformed outward for fixing, as shown by "Step 3" in the following figure.



Figure 1-20 Installing an expansion screw

1.3.5 Requirements on Foundation

- Separate high-voltage cables from low-voltage cables by placing them on different brackets. For failures to do so due to any restrictions, place the low-voltage cables in completely enclosed metal pipes.
- The cable trench must be: a) made of incombustible materials; b) smooth, moisture-proof, and dust-proof; and c) able to prevent intrusion of animals.

• During foundation design, take the following factors into consideration: sufficient space in front of the cabinet for inspection, and wiring and cabling of power supply cables, actuating motor cables, and system control cables. The cabinet comes with a cable trench or cable guide. Separate power cables from signal cables. Failure to comply will affect the operation of the AC drive. The following figure shows the routing and related requirements.



Figure 1-21 Foundation layout

1.3.6 Installing the External Braking Unit

Procedure

1. Remove the lateral closure plate of the cabinet.



2. Open the cabinet door and mount the adapter busbar for the external braking unit, as shown in the following figure.



3. Connect the AC drive to the external braking unit.

Note

The number of required braking units is subject to actual conditions. When multiple braking units are required, connect them in parallel. The following figure takes one braking unit as an example.



Figure 1-22 Connecting the AC drive to the external braking unit



Figure 1-23 Dimensions of the position for installing the adapter busbar (unit: mm)

2 Electrical Installation

2.1 Electrical Wiring Diagram



Figure 2-1 Standard electrical wiring

Note

- For details on S1 to S4 DIP switches, see "Table 2–3 Function description of control circuit terminals" on page 44.
- For three-phase 380–480 VAC drives, a 0.4–75 kW model differs from a 90–450 kW model in the wiring detail marked by the double arrows in the figure.
- For three-phase 200–240 VAC drives, a 0.4–37 kW model differs from a 45–200 kW model in the wiring detail marked by the double arrows in the figure.

2.2 Descriptions of Main Circuit Terminals

T1 to T9 models



Figure 2-2 Layout of main circuit terminals for T1 to T4 models



Figure 2-3 Layout of main circuit terminals for T2 models (single phase)



Figure 2-4 Layout of main circuit terminals for T1 to T4 models



Figure 2-5 Layout of main circuit terminals for T5 to T8 models



Figure 2-6 Layout of main circuit terminals for T9 models

Terminal Identification	Name	Function
R, S, T	Three-phase power supply input terminals	The terminals are used to connect the three-phase AC power supply.
(+), (-)	Positive and negative terminals of the DC bus	Common DC busbar input; connected to the external braking unit of T9 models and above.
(+), BR	Braking resistor connection terminals	The terminals are used to connect to the braking resistor of T8 models and below.
U, V, W	Output terminals	The terminals are used to connect to a three-phase motor.
	Grounding terminal (PE)	It is used for protective grounding.

T10 to T12 models



Figure 2-7 Layout of main circuit terminals for T10 to T12 models

Terminal	Name	Function
Identification		
R, S, T	Three-phase power supply input terminals	The terminals are used to connect the three-phase AC power supply.
+, -	Positive and negative terminals of the DC bus	Common DC busbar input; connected to an external braking unit.
U, V, W	AC drive output terminals	The terminals are used to onnect to a three-phase motor.
	Grounding terminal (PE)	It is used for protective grounding.

Table 2-2 Descrip	tions of main	circuit terminals
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2.3 Descriptions of Control Circuit Terminals

"Table 2–5 " on page 46 shows the layout of control circuit terminals.



Figure 2-8 Layout of control circuit terminals

Туре	Terminal	Terminal	Function
Power supply	+10V-GND	External +10 V power supply	The terminal is used to provide +10 V power supply to an external unit with the maximum output current 10 mA. Generally, it is used to power an external potentiometer with resistance ranging from 1 k Ω to 5 k Ω .
	+24V-COM	External +24 V power supply	The terminal is used to provide +24 V power supply to external devices. Generally, it is used to power the DI/DO and external sensor. The maximum output current is 200 mA ^[Note 1] .
	OP	Input terminal for external power supply	It is connected to +24V by default. When DI1 to DI5 are driven by external signals, OP must be disconnected from +24 V and connected to the external power supply.
Analog input	AI1-GND	AI1	Input voltage range: -10 VDC to + 10 VDC Input impedance: 22 kΩ
	AI2-GND	AI2	The terminal supports voltage input (default), current input, and temperature input. When used as voltage/current input, the terminal supports 0 V to 10 V, -10 V to +10 V, or 0 mA to 20 mA, and supports 12-bit resolution and the correction accuracy of 0.3%. The input impedance is 22 k Ω for voltage input and 500 Ω or 250 Ω for current input, which is set by S2 and S3 DIP switches ^{Note [2]} .
Digital	DI1-OP	DI1	Photocoupler isolation and bipolar input
input	DI2- OP	2וע גום	Voltage range for effective level input: 9 V to 30 V
	DI3- OP	DI3	
	DI5- OP	DI5	 Besides features of DI1 to DI4, DI5 can also be used for high-speed pulse input. Input impedance: 1.16 kΩ Maximum input frequency: 100 kHz Operating voltage range: 15 V to 30 V
Analog output	AO1-GND	A01	 The DIP switch on the control board is used to determine voltage output (default) or current output. Operating voltage range: 0 V to 10 V Output current range: 0 mA to 20mA

Table 2–3 Function description of control circuit terminals

Туре	Terminal	Terminal	Function	
	Symbol	Name		
Digital output	DO1-CME	D01	 Photocoupler isolation and bipolar open collector output Operating voltage range: 0 V to 24 V Output current range: 0 mA to 50mA Note that digital output ground CME and digital input ground COM are internally insulated, but are shorted externally by jumper as the factory settings. In this case, DO1 is driven by +24V by default. To drive DO1 by external power supply, remove the jumper between CME and COM. 	
	FM-COM	High-speed pulse output	The terminal is set by F5-00 (FM terminal output selection). When the terminal is used for high-speed pulse output, the maximum frequency is 100 kHz. When the terminal is used for collector open output, it has the same specifications as DO1.	
Relay output	T/A	Common terminal	Driving capacity of the contact: • 250 VAC, 3 A, COSØ=0.4	
	T/B	Normally closed (NC) terminal	• 30 VDC, 1 A	
	T/C	Normally open terminal		
Auxili ary	J4	Local PG card interface	It is used to connect the resolver, differential, and 23-bit encoders.	
inter face	J11	External operating panel interface	It is used to connect the external LCD operating panel (SOP-20-810) or the LED operating panel (MDKE-10).	
	J13	Expansion card interface	28-core terminal for connection with expansion cards, including I/O cards, communication cards, and PG card	
	J14	STO terminal	For details, see "Table 2–4 STO terminal descriptions" on page 46.	
DIP switch	S1 S2 S3	ON OFF 51 52 53	For details, see "Table 2–5 DIP switch descriptions " on page 46.	
	S4	ON OFF S4	Current/Voltage mode selection for AO1 • On: Current output mode • Off: Voltage output mode	

No.	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Performance Requirements
1	STO1	STO channel 1	Internal connection: By default,
2	STO2	STO channel 2	STO1 and STO2 are connected to
3	+24V	STO1 and STO2 power supply+	+24V by using a jumper upon factory delivery. External connection: STO1,
4	СОМ	STO1 and STO2 power supply ground	an external 24 V power supply. See the STO function for the detailed wiring.

Table 2-4	STO	terminal	descri	ntions
rubic 2	0.0	commu	acsen	ptions

Table 2–5 DIP switch descriptions

C	OIP Switch Statu	IS	Function
S1	S2	S3	Function
OFF	OFF	OFF	Voltage mode with the range of 0 VDC to 10 VDC for Al2
ON	OFF	OFF	Temperature mode for Al2 Set the temperature sensor type through F9-75. 0: No temperature sensor (Al used for analog input) 1: PT100, -25°C to +200°C 2: PT1000, -25°C to +200°C 3: KTY84-130, -40°C to +260°C 4: PTC130, -20°C to +180°C
OFF	ON	OFF	Current mode for Al2; current range: 0 mA to 20 mA; input impedance: 500 Ω
OFF	ON	ON	Current mode for Al2; current range: 0 mA to 40 mA; input impedance: 250 Ω

Note

- [Note 1] If the ambient temperature exceeds 23°C, the output current must be derated by 1.8 mA for every additional 1°C. The maximum output current is 170 mA at 40°C. When OP and 24V are shorted, the maximum output current is calculated by the following formula: 170 mA minus current over the DI.
- [Note 2] Based on the maximum output voltage of the signal source, select 500 Ω or 250 Ω impedance. For example, if 500 Ω is selected, the maximum output voltage cannot be lower than 10 V so that Al2 can measure 20 mA current.
- S1, S2, and S3 are combined DIP switches for the AI. S4 is the DIP switch for the AO.

3 Commissioning Flowchart

3.1 LED Operating Panel

Dimensions

The following figures show the outline and installation dimensions of the LED operating panel.



Figure 3-1 Outline and installation dimensions of LED operating panel for T1 to T4 models

(mm)



Figure 3-2 Outline and installation dimensions of LED operating panel for T5 to T12 models

(mm)

Components

The LED operating panel can be used to view the operating status and fault information, set parameters, and so on. The following figure shows the operating panel.



Figure 3-3 Components

No.	Name	Description
1	Status Indicator	-
2	Secondary display area	It displays the following information: • Key test and auto-tuning • Fault and system status monitoring • Station number, motoring status, and STO status
3	Primary display area	It displays parameter information.
4	Unit indicator	-
5	Cursor in the secondary display area	-
6	Cursor in the primary display area	-
0	Menu indicator	It indicates the current menu and can be switched via the menu key. Only one indicator can become on simultaneously.

Table 3–1	Description	of the	operating	panel
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No.	Name	Description
8	Menu identification	From left to right, the icons indicate the basic menu, user-defined parameter, modified parameter (with default values changed), and fault list.
9	Program/Back key	-
10	Left shift key	-
1)	OK key	-
(12)	RUN key	-
13	Multi-function key	-
14)	Increment key	-
15	Menu key	-
16	Right shift key	-
17	Decrement key	-
18	Stop key	-

Key descriptions

Table 3–2 Key descriptions

Key	Name	Description
	Menu key	Long press the key to switch between the primary display area and the secondary display area. In the primary display area, press the key to switch among different menus, including the basic menu, user-defined parameter, modified parameter (with default values changed), and fault list.
8	Program/Back key	Press the key to return to the previous page and enter level-I menu.
	OK key	Press the key to enter the settings interface or confirm settings.

Key	Name	Description
	Navigation key	 In the secondary display area, press the right or left navigation key to switch the display status. Primary display area: Basic menu, user menu, and calibration menu: On the monitoring interface, the down key is used as the potentiometer and the left and right keys are used to switch between monitored variables. On the parameter interface, the up and down keys are used to adjust the setpoint, the left and right keys are used to select the bit to set, and the OK key is used to confirm the setpoint. Fault list: Press the left or right key to switch the fault history records.
MF. K	Multi-function key	You can allocate different functions, such as command source switch, forward run and reverse run switch, or jog to this key.
	RUN key	Press the key to start the drive in the operating panel control mode.
Ø	Stop/Fault reset key	When the drive is running, press this key to stop the drive. When the drive is in the faulty state, press this key to perform a reset operation.

Status indicator

Status I	Description	
	FWD indicator steady on	The AC drive is running in the forward direction, or the reference direction is forward.
FWD REV	REV indicator steady on	The AC drive is running in the reverse direction, or the reference direction is reverse.
	FWD and REV indicators blinking	The AC drive is switching between forward running and reverse running.
	Local/Remote indicator off	Local control
	Local/Remote indicator on	Terminal control
	Local/Remote indicator blinking slowly	Communication control
	Local/Remote indicator blinking quickly	User-defined control mode
T	Torque control indicator steady on	Torque control
S	Speed control indicator steady on	Speed control
\wedge	Fault indicator steady on	A fault occurs on the AC drive.
	Fault indicator off	No fault
	RUN indicator steady on	Running
	Stop indicator steady on	Stop

Table 3–3 Status indicator

Status Indicator		Description
	DRIVE indicator steady on	The station No. is displayed in the auxiliary display area.
DRIVE	DRIVE indicator off	The value displayed in the auxiliary display area is not the station No.
	AXIS indicator steady on	The axis No. is displayed in the auxiliary display area.
AXIS	AXIS indicator off	The value display in the auxiliary display area is not the axis No.
	Connector indicator steady on	The connector variable is displayed in the main display area.
Ð	Connector indicator off	The variable displayed in the main display area is not the connector variable.
	Minus sign indicator steady on	The value displayed in the primary display area is negative.
	Minus sign No. indicator off	The value displayed in the primary display area is positive.
1	Cursor indicator in the primary display area steady on	The operating area is the primary display area.
N	Cursor indicator in the secondary display area steady on	The operating area is the secondary display area.
kwh s r/min Hz AV °C %	Unit indicator steady on	The unit applying to the data displayed in the main display area is the unit with indicator ON.

Status II	Status Indicator		
	Indicator steady	The primary display area displays the basic menu.	
	Indicator steady	The primary display area displays the user-defined parameter menu.	
6 6 6 6	Indicator steady	The primary display area displays the modified parameter (with the default value changed) menu.	
	Indicator steady	The primary display area displays the fault menu.	

Data display

The operating panel provides two data display areas: the 6-digit LED secondary display area and the 5-digit LED primary display area.

The auxiliary display area displays the station No., axis No., current state, warning/fault, etc.

The primary display area displays the frequency reference, output frequency, and various monitoring data.

LED	Actual	LED	Actual	LED	Actual	LED	Actual
Display	Data	Display	Data	Display	Data	Display	Data
0	0	9	9	Ⴙ	h	Г	r
l	1	8	A	С	С	٤	t
2	2	Ь	В	٦	J	U	U
3	3	C	С	L	L	Ч	у

Table 3–4 Mapping between LED display and actual data

LED	Actual	LED	Actual	LED	Actual	LED	Actual
Display	Data	Display	Data	Display	Data	Display	Data
Ч	4	Ь	D	Π	n	ſ	Т
S	5	Ε	E		Ν	U	u
6	6	F	F	Ο	0	-	-
7	7	Н	Н	ρ	Р	-	-
8	8	ն	G	٩	q	-	_

3.2 Basic Commissioning Flowchart



Figure 3-4 Basic commissioning flowchart

No.	Step	Related Parameter
1	Check before power-on	/
2	Power-on	/
3	Parameter initialization	FP-01
4	View the software version.	F7-10, F7-11, F7-15, F7-16

No.	Step	Related Parameter
5	Set motor parameters.	F1-00 to F1-05
		Note that you must set the motor type.
6	Set encoder parameters.	F1-27, F1-28, F1-34
7	Set the control mode.	F0-01
8	Perform motor parameter auto-tuning.	F1-37
10	Set the command source.	F0-02
11	Select the frequency source.	F0-03
12	(Optional) Set V/f parameters.	F3
13	(Optional) Set SVC parameters.	F2-00 to F2-06
14	(Optional) Set FVC parameters.	F2-00 to F2-07, F1-28
15	(Optional) Set PMVVC parameters.	F0-01, F1-00, F1-24, F3-50 to F3-55
16	Set the acceleration and deceleration time.	F0-17, F0-18
17	(Optional) Set the startup mode.	F6-00
18	(Optional) Set the startup frequency.	F6-03, F6-04
19	(Optional) Set the S-curve.	F6-07, F6-08, F6-09
20	Set the stop parameters.	F6-10 to F6-14
21	(Optional) Set the AI.	F4-13, F4-14, F4-15, F4-16
22	(Optional) Set the AO.	F5-07, F5-08
23	(Optional) Set the DI.	F4-00 to F4-09
24	(Optional) Set the DO.	F5-04
25	(Optional) Set the multi-speed reference.	FC-00 to FC-15
26	(Optional) Set the relay output.	F5-00, F5-01, F5-02
27	Start	/
28	Stop	/

3.3 Commissioning Flowchart in V/f Control Mode



Figure 3-5 Commissioning flowchart in V/f control mode

3.4 Commissioning Flowchart in SVC/FVC Control Mode



Figure 3-6 Commissioning flowchart in SVC/FVC control mode

3.5 Commissioning Flowchart in PMVVC Control Mode





4 Troubleshooting

4.1 Common Faults and Diagnosis

4.1.1 Display of Alarms and Faults

Upon exceptions, the AC drive stops output immediately, the fault indicator blinks, and the contact of the fault relay acts. The operating panel of the AC drive displays a fault code (example: **EDD2.I**), as shown in the following figure.



Figure 4-1 Display of faults



Do not repair or modify the AC drive by yourself. In case of any fault that cannot be rectified, contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.

4.1.2 Start After Fault Occurrence

View the current fault code, fault subcode, fault information, minor fault code, minor fault subcode, minor fault information, warning code, warning subcode, warning information through the operating panel.

Stage	Solution	Description
In faulty status	Fault record 1: View the current fault code, fault subcode, fault information, minor fault code, minor fault subcode, minor fault information, warning code, warning subcode, warning information through the operating panel.	View the record through H0-00 to H0-53.
	Fault record 2: View the frequency, current, bus voltage, input terminal status, output terminal status, AC drive status, power-on time, running time, status word A, status word B, and command word upon the last three faults through the operating panel.	View the record through F9-14 and F9-44.
	Fault record 3: View the fault code, fault subcode, fault information, frequency, current, bus voltage, input terminal status, output terminal status, AC drive status, power-on time, running time, status word A, status word B, and command word upon the last six faults through the operating panel.	View the record through groups H3 to H8.
Before fault reset	Before fault reset, find the fault cause and remove the fault according to the fault type displayed on the operating panel.	-

Table 4–1 Fault view and start method after fault occurrence

Stage	Solution	Description
Reset mode to clear faults	1. Set any of F4-00 to F4-09 to 9 (fault reset).	AC drive Fault reset DI COM
	2. Verify that F7-02 is set to 1 (default value), indicating that the STOP/RES key is available in any operating mode.	Press the STOP/RES key on the operating panel.
	3. Power off and then power on the AC drive for automatic reset. Disconnect the main circuit power supply. Wait until the fault code disappears, and then connect the power supply again.	♦ ON ♦ OFF
	4. Reset the drive through communication. When F0-02 (Command source) is set to 2 (Communication control), write "7" (Fault reset) to communication address 2000H using the host controller to reset the AC drive after the fault is cleared.	

4.1.3 Common Troubleshooting

No.	Fault	Possible Cause	Solution
1	1 There is no display upon power-on.	The drive is not connected to the grid or the grid voltage is too low.	Check the power supply.
		The switched-mode power supply (SMPS) on the driver board of the AC drive is faulty.	Check whether the 24 V output voltage and 10 V output voltage on the control board are normal.
		The control board is disconnected from the driver board and operating panel.	Re-connect the 8-pin and 40-pin flat cables.
		The pre-charge resistor of the AC drive is damaged.	Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.
		The control board or the operating panel is faulty.	
		The rectifier bridge is damaged.	
2	"-H-C" is displayed after power-on.	The cable connecting the driver board and the control board is in poor contact.	Re-connect the 8-pin and 28-pin flat cables.
		Related components on the control board are damaged.	Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.
		The motor or the motor cable is short circuited to the ground.	
		The Hall sensor is faulty.	
		The mains voltage is too low.	
3	"E023.1" is displayed upon power-on.	The motor or the motor cable is short-circuited to ground.	Check the insulation status of the motor and the output cable with a megger.
	1.6203	The AC drive is damaged.	Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.

Table 4–2 Symptoms, fault causes, and solutions

No.	Fault	Possible Cause	Solution
4	The display is normal upon power-on.	The cooling fan is damaged or does not rotate.	Replace the fan.
	However, after the drive starts to run, "-H-C-" is displayed and the drive stops immediately. -H-C-	The cable of the external control terminal is short circuited.	Eliminate external short circuit.
5	E014.1 (module overtemperature)	The carrier frequency is set too high.	Reduce the carrier frequency (F0- 15).
	is reported frequently.	The cooling fan is damaged, or the air duct is blocked.	Replace the fan or clean the air duct.
		Devices (thermistor or other devices) inside the AC drive are damaged.	Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.
6	6 The motor does not rotate when the AC drive is running.	The wiring between the AC drive and the motor is abnormal.	Check that the wiring between the AC drive and the motor is proper.
		Motor parameters of the AC drive are set incorrectly.	Restore parameters to default settings and reset related parameters.
			Ensure encoder parameters and motor rated parameters are set properly, such as rated frequency and rated speed of the motor.
			Check that F0-01 (control mode) and F0-02 (operation mode) are set properly.
			Modify F3-01 (Torque boost) in the V/f control mode during start with heavy load.
		The cable connecting the driver board and the control board is in poor contact.	Re-connect the cables and ensure secure connection.
		The driver board is faulty.	Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.

No.	Fault	Possible Cause	Solution
7	DI inactive	The related parameters are set incorrectly.	Check and set the parameters in group F4 again.
		The external signal is incorrect.	Re-connect the external signal cable.
		The jumper between OP and +24 V becomes loose.	Secure the jumper between OP and +24V.
		The control board is faulty.	Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.
8	The motor speed cannot be increased in the	The encoder is faulty.	Replace the encoder disk and double check the cable connection.
	FVC mode.	The encoder cable is connected improperly or in poor contact.	Reconnect the encoder to ensure good contact.
		The PG card is faulty.	Replace the PG card.
		The driver board is faulty.	Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.
9	Frequent overcurrent and	Motor parameters are set incorrectly.	Reset motor parameters or perform motor auto-tuning.
overvoltag	overvoltage faults	The acceleration/ deceleration time is improper.	Set proper acceleration/ deceleration time.
		The load fluctuates.	Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.
10 "E017.1" is detected upon	"E017.1" is detected upon	The soft startup contactor is not closed.	Check whether the contactor cable is loose.
	power-on or running.		Check whether the contactor is faulty.
			Check whether 24 V power supply of the contactor is faulty.
			Contact the agent or Inovance for technical support.
11	The motor coasts to stop or the brake fails during	The encoder is disconnected, or overvoltage stall	If the AC drive is in the FVC mode (F0-01 = 1), check the encoder cable connection.
decele decele stop.	deceleration or deceleration to stop.	suppression protection is enabled.	If a braking resistor is configured, disable the overvoltage stall suppression protection function by setting F3-23 to 0.

4.1.4 Troubleshooting of Trial Run in Different Control Modes

• SVC mode (F0-01= 0 (default))

In this mode, the drive controls the motor speed and torque without an encoder for speed feedback. Auto-tuning on motor parameters is required to obtain the motor parameters.

Problem	Solution
Overload or overcurrent during motor start	Set motor parameters F1-01 to F1-05 according to the motor nameplate. Perform auto-tuning (F1-37) on motor parameters. Perform dynamic complete auto-tuning if possible.
Slow torque/speed response and motor oscillation occur at a frequency below 5 Hz.	Increase the value of F2-00 (Speed loop proportional gain) by the step value of 10 or decrease the value of F2-01 (Speed loop integral time) by the step value of 0.05 to improve the torque/speed responsiveness. If oscillation occurs, decrease the value of F2-00 and F2-01.
Slow torque/speed response and motor oscillation occur at a frequency above 5 Hz.	Increase the value of F2-03 (Speed loop proportional gain) by the step value of 10 or decrease the value of F2-04 (Speed loop integral time) by the step value of 0.05 to improve the torque/speed responsiveness. If oscillation occurs, decrease the value of F2-03 and F2-04.
Low speed accuracy	If the speed deviation is too large when the motor runs with load, increase the value of F2-06 (Vector control slip compensation gain) by the step value of 10%.
Obvious speed fluctuation	Increase the value of A9-05 (Filter time constant of speed loop) by the step value of 0.001s when motor speed fluctuates abnormally.
Excessive motor noise	Increase the value of F0-15 (Carrier frequency) by the step value of 1.0 kHz. (Note that increasing the carrier frequency will lead to an increase in the motor leakage current.)
Insufficient motor torque or force	Check whether the torque upper limit is too low. If yes, increase the value of F2-10 (Torque upper limit in speed control mode) in the speed control mode or the value of the torque reference in the torque control mode.

Table 4–3	Troubles	hooting	in	SVC	mode
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• FVC mode (F0-01 = 1)

This mode is applicable to scenarios with an encoder for speed feedback. In this mode, you need to set the encoder pulses per revolution, encoder type, and encoder direction correctly and perform auto-tuning on motor parameters.

Problem	Solution
Overload or overcurrent fault detected during startup	Set the encoder resolution (PPR), encoder type and encoder direction correctly.
Overload or overcurrent is detected during motor running.	Set motor parameters F1-01 to F1-05 according to the motor nameplate. Perform auto-tuning (F1-37) on motor parameters. Perform dynamic complete auto-tuning if possible.
Slow torque/speed response and motor oscillation occur at a frequency below 5 Hz.	Increase the value of F2-00 (Speed loop proportional gain) by the step value of 10 or decrease the value of F2-01 (speed loop integral time) by the step value of 0.05 to improve the torque/speed responsiveness. If oscillation occurred, decrease the value of F2-00 and F2- 01.
Slow torque/speed response and motor oscillation occur at a frequency above 5 Hz.	Increase the value of F2-03 (Speed loop proportional gain) by the step value of 10 or decrease the value of F2-04 (speed loop integral time) by the step value of 0.05 to improve the torque/speed responsiveness. If oscillation occurred, decrease the value of F2-03 and F2- 04.
Obvious speed fluctuation	Increase the value of F2-07 (Filter time constant of speed loop) by the step value of 0.001s when motor speed fluctuates abnormally.
Excessive motor noise	Increase the value of F0-15 (Carrier frequency) by the step value of 1.0 kHz. Note that increasing the carrier frequency will lead to an increase in the motor leakage current.
Insufficient motor torque or force	Check whether the torque upper limit is too low. If yes, increase the value of F2-10 (Torque upper limit in speed control mode) in the speed control mode or the value of the torque reference in the torque control mode.

Table 4–4 Troubleshooting	g in	FVC	mode
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• V/f control mode (F0-01 = 2)

This mode applies to applications without an encoder for speed feedback. You only need to set the rated motor voltage and rated motor frequency correctly.

Problem	Solution		
Motor oscillation during running	Decrease the value of F3-11 by the step value of 5. The minimum value is 5.		
Overcurrent at startup with high power	Decrease the value of F3-01 by the step value of 0.5%.		
Excessively high current during operation	Set F1-02 (Rated motor voltage) and F1-04 (Rated motor frequency) correctly. Decrease the value of F3-01 by the step value of 0.5%.		

Table 4–5 Troubleshooting in V/f control mode

Problem	Solution
Excessive motor noise	Increase the value of F0-15 (Carrier frequency) by the step value of 1.0 kHz. (Note that increasing the carrier frequency will lead to an increase in the motor leakage current.)
Overvoltage is detected when heavy load is suddenly removed or during deceleration.	Set F3-23 (V/f overvoltage stall suppression) to 1 (Enable). Increase the value of F3-24/F3-25 (Frequency gain/Voltage gain for overvoltage stall suppression, 30 by default) by the step value of 10 gradually. The permissible maximum value is 100. Decrease the overvoltage stall suppression action voltage (F3-22, default: 770 V) properly by the step value of 10 V. The permissible minimum value is 700 V.
Overcurrent is detected when heavy load is suddenly added or during acceleration.	Increase the overcurrent stall suppression gain (F3-20, default: 20) properly by the step value of 10. The permissible maximum value is 100. Decrease the overcurrent stall suppression action current (F3-18, default: 150%) properly by the step value of 10%. The permissible minimum value is 50%.

4.2 List of Faults and Alarms

For complete information on fault and alarm codes, see *MD520 Series General-Purpose AC Drive Parameter Guide.*



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